ENHANCED RURAL RESILIENCE IN YEMEN (ERRY)

SOCIAL COHESION INTERVENTION IMPACT
COMMUNITY-BASED RESILIENCE BUILDING MODEL IN CRISIS CONTEXT IN YEMEN

Implementing Partners

EXPECTED RESULT

Informal networks promote social cohesion through community dialogue and delivery of services.

Source: ERRY Baseline 2017
**INTERVENTIONS**

- **229** Insider Mediators are trained in all targeted communities
- **33%** Insider Mediators are women

- **8** Conflict scans to identify the local-level conflicts conducted in all targeted communities

- **65** Community dialogues facilitated by Insider Mediator where 2,611 community members participated in the identification and development of conflict mitigation proposals

- **63** Small-scale project grants were implemented to resolve local-level conflicts
- **31,500** Individuals benefitted from the conflict resolution in the targeted communities

**Facilitate community dialogue initiatives**

**Implementation of small-scale conflict resolution project grants**
Local-level conflict continues to be around access and control over basic services more than co-existence among IDPs, refugees and hosts. The finding highlights that solidarity among the displaced, returnees and hosts remains stronger.

Source: ERRY UNDP Database and Quarterly Reports 2018
The community planning and prioritization is based on conflict analysis. Social cohesion intervention is central to community planning, prioritization and basic service delivery.
Community dialogue sessions were proven as a self-referral mechanism to resolve the local-level conflicts.
63 small-scale project grants were implemented to resolve conflicts. They included constructing protection walls in schools, building health centers, and rehabilitating water networks for IDPs and refugees.